

Summer Hill

Civil Engineers & Land Surveyors, P.C.

BY: MJO DATE: 6-1-25 SUBJECT: The Williams School Athletic Complex SHEET No.: 1 OF 1
CHECKED: LJM DATE: 6-1-25 Stormwater Infiltration Trench Design Computations PROJECT No.: 25-02

1. Narrative

The combination of the volume of stormwater runoff from the project catchment area temporarily stored and infiltrated in the stormwater infiltration trench adjacent to the west side of the courts and the portion of runoff that will flow over the undisturbed wooded area at the toe of the embankment on the west side of the courts and temporarily pond in depression areas and infiltrate into the ground meets the runoff volume and pollutant reduction (Standard 1) guidance of the current Connecticut Stormwater Quality Manual.

The design runoff volume is the surface water runoff volume from the project catchment area generated from a 1.3-inch depth rainfall event, or the required retention volume of 100% of the computed water quality volume as given in the manual.

The contributing catchment area to the infiltration trench includes the tennis and pickleball court surfaces and a small lawn area immediately adjacent to the south side of the courts.

Surface water runoff from less frequent, greater rainfall depth events will leave the 310-foot length swale along the west side of the courts and flow over the existing vegetated and proposed vegetated cover embankment fill slopes.

Detention of stormwater runoff from these events to control post-construction rates of discharge is not required. There are no adjoining properties, inland wetlands, watercourses, waterbodies, or culverts or other hydraulic structures in the downstream vicinity of the toe of the embankment. Surface water runoff will flow over the undisturbed wooded area at the toe of the embankment, temporarily pond in depression areas, and infiltrate into the ground.

2. Required retention volume computed using the CT Stormwater Quality Manual equation

$RRV = 100\% WQV = (1.3)(R)(A)/12$, where:

RRV, Required retention volume (cubic feet)

WQV, Water quality volume (cubic feet)

P, Precipitation depth = 1.3 inches

R, Volumetric runoff coefficient = $0.05 + 0.009(I)$

I, Post-development impervious area (percent)

A Post-development site drainage area (square feet)

$$I = 96.0\%$$

$$R = 0.05 + 0.009(96.0) = 0.91$$

$$A = 48,100 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$RRV = (1.3 \text{ in})(R)(A)/12 = (1.3 \text{ in})(0.91)(48,100 \text{ ft}^2)/12 = 4,742 \text{ ft}^3$$

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Worksheet 2: Runoff curve number and runoff

Project Williams School Athletic Complex By MJO Date 6-1-25
 Location Waterford, Connecticut Checked LJM Date 6-1-25
 Circle one: Present ☐ Developed ☒ DA 1

1. Runoff Curve Number (CN)

Soil name and hydrologic group (appendix A)	Cover description (cover type, treatment, and hydrologic condition; percent impervious; unconnected/connected impervious area ratio)	CN ^{1/}			Area x acres mi² %	Product of CN x area
		Table 2-2	Fig. 2-3	Fig. 2-4		
-	Courts	98			1.06	103.88
B	Lawn	61			0.04	2.44
Totals =					1.10	106.32

^{1/} Use only one CN source per line.

$$\text{CN (weighted)} = \frac{\text{total product}}{\text{total area}} = \frac{106.32}{1.10} = 96.7$$

Use CN =

97

2. Runoff

Frequency yr

Rainfall, P (24-hour) in

Runoff, Q in

(Use P and CN with table 2-1, fig. 2-1, or eqs. 2-3 and 2-4.)

Storm #1	Storm #2	Storm #3

25-02 Infiltration Trench

CT-Waterford 2502 24-hr S1

Custom Rainfall=1.30"

Prepared by Summer Hill Civil Engineers

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Page 1

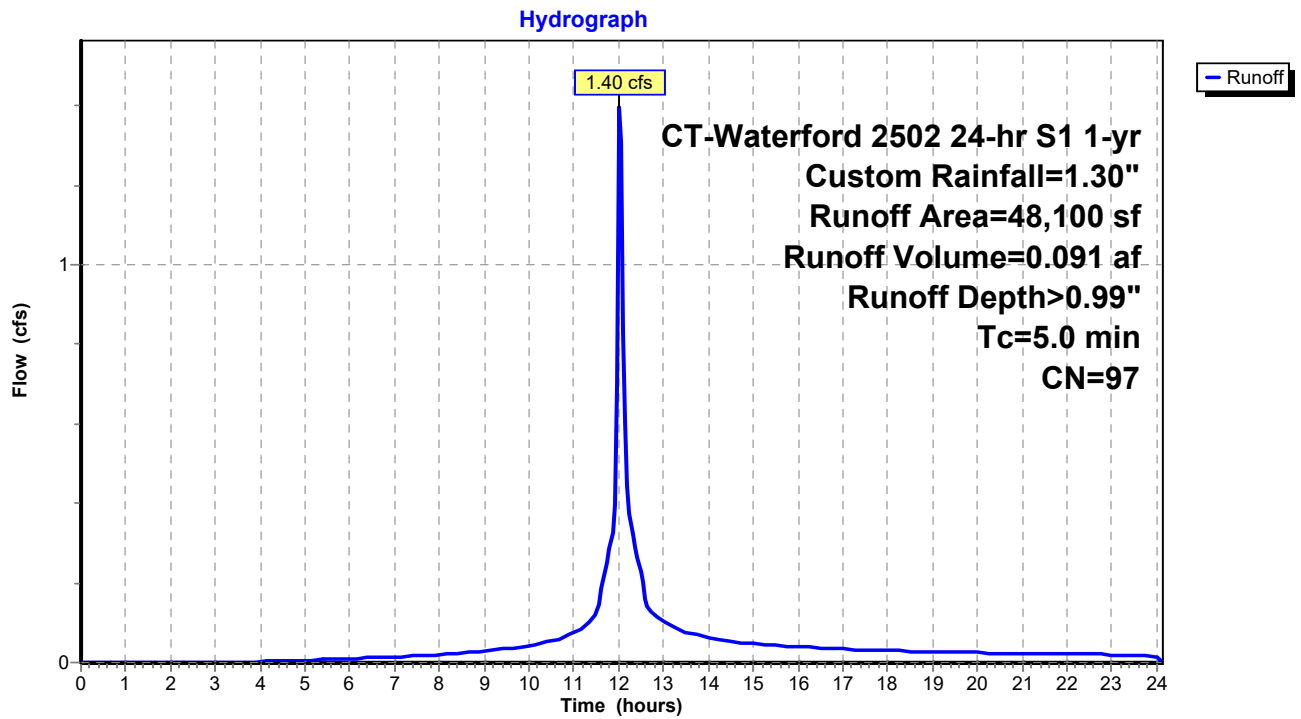
Summary for Subcatchment 10: DA 1

Runoff = 1.40 cfs @ 12.02 hrs, Volume= 0.091 af, Depth> 0.99"
Routed to Pond 20 : Infiltration Trench

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.10 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
CT-Waterford 2502 24-hr S1 1-yr Custom Rainfall=1.30"

	Area (sf)	CN	Description
*	48,100	97	
	48,100		100.00% Pervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
5.0					Direct Entry,

Subcatchment 10: DA 1

25-02 Infiltration Trench

CT-Waterford 2502 24-hr S1

Custom Rainfall=1.30"

Prepared by Summer Hill Civil Engineers

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Page 2

Summary for Pond 20: Infiltration Trench

Inflow Area = 1.104 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 0.99" for Custom event
Inflow = 1.40 cfs @ 12.02 hrs, Volume= 0.091 af
Outflow = 0.18 cfs @ 12.58 hrs, Volume= 0.091 af, Atten= 87%, Lag= 33.6 min
Discarded = 0.18 cfs @ 12.58 hrs, Volume= 0.091 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.10 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Peak Elev= 62.07' @ 12.58 hrs Surf.Area= 0.021 ac Storage= 0.029 af

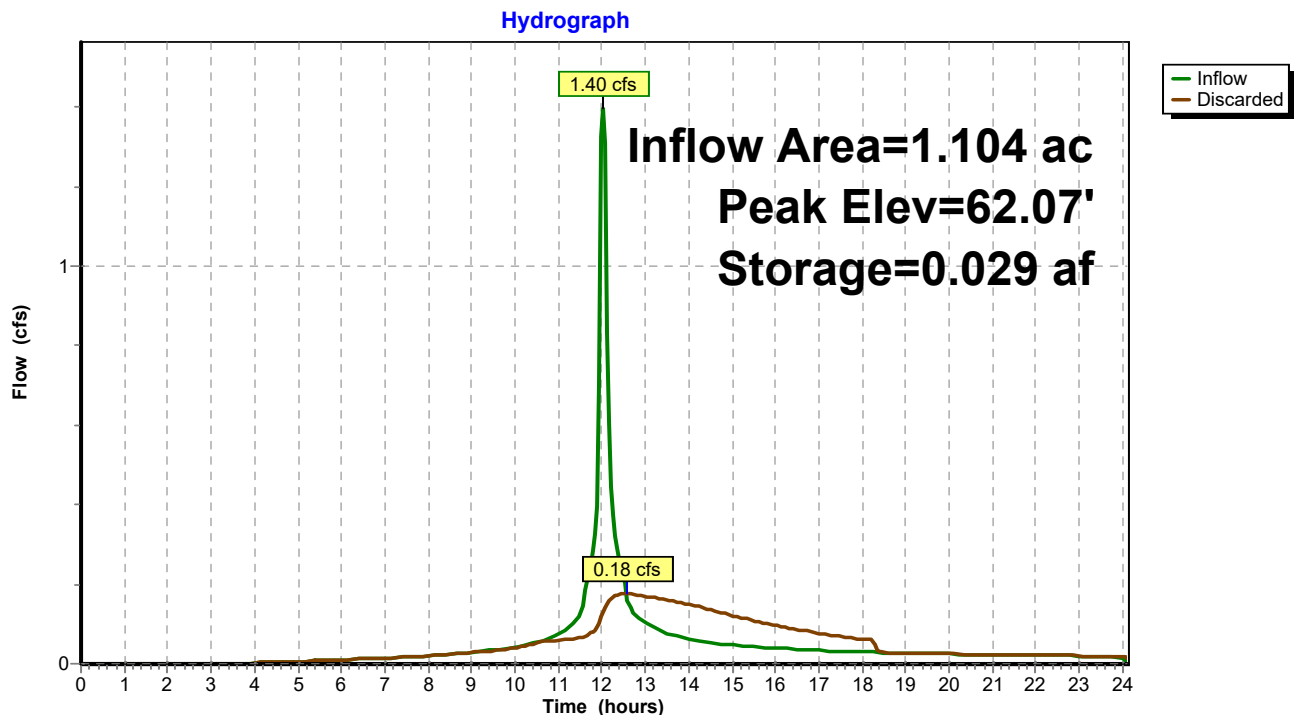
Plug-Flow detention time= 59.9 min calculated for 0.091 af (100% of inflow)
Center-of-Mass det. time= 59.7 min (862.2 - 802.5)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	59.00'	0.024 af	3.00'W x 303.00'L x 3.10'H Prismatic 0.065 af Overall - 0.005 af Embedded = 0.059 af x 40.0% Voids
#2	61.00'	0.005 af	12.0" Round Pipe Storage Inside #1 L= 300.0'
		0.029 af	Total Available Storage

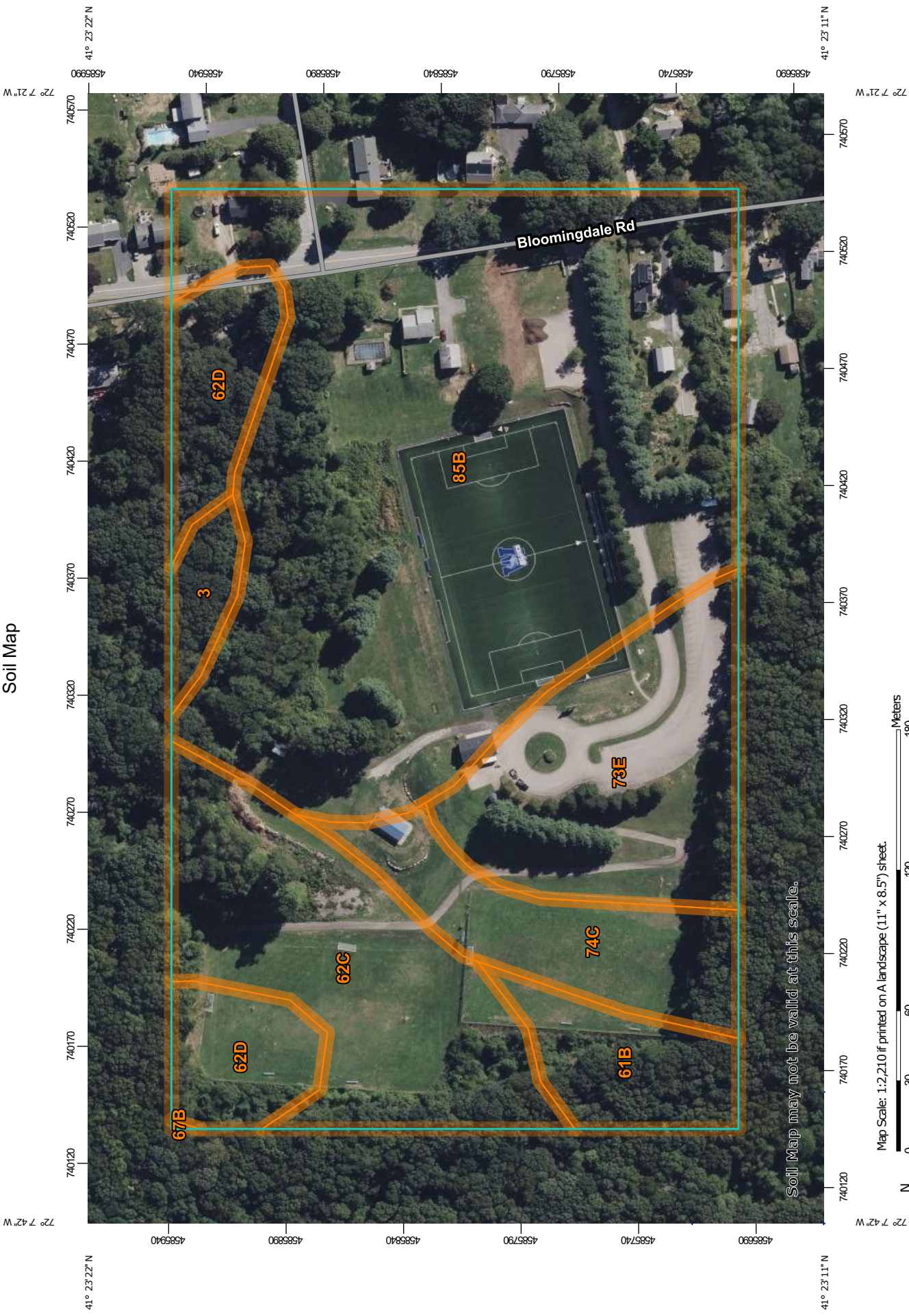
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	59.00'	2.750 in/hr Exfiltration over Wetted area

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.18 cfs @ 12.58 hrs HW=62.07' (Free Discharge)

↑**1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.18 cfs)

Pond 20: Infiltration Trench

Custom Soil Resource Report
Soil Map



Map Scale: 1:2,210 if printed on A landscape (11" x 8.5") sheet.



Map projection: Web Mercator Corner coordinates: WGS84 Edge tics: UTM Zone 18N WGS84

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:12,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
Web Soil Survey URL:
Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: State of Connecticut, Eastern Part
Survey Area Data: Version 2, Aug 30, 2024

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jun 14, 2022—Oct 6, 2022

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons

Soil Map Unit Lines

Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

Blowout

Borrow Pit

Clay Spot

Closed Depression

Gravel Pit

Gravelly Spot

Landfill

Lava Flow

Marsh or swamp

Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water

Perennial Water

Rock Outcrop

Saline Spot

Sandy Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

Slide or Slip

Sodic Spot

Water Features

Streams and Canals

Transportation

Rails

Interstate Highways

US Routes

Major Roads

Local Roads

Background

Aerial Photography

Spoil Area

Stony Spot

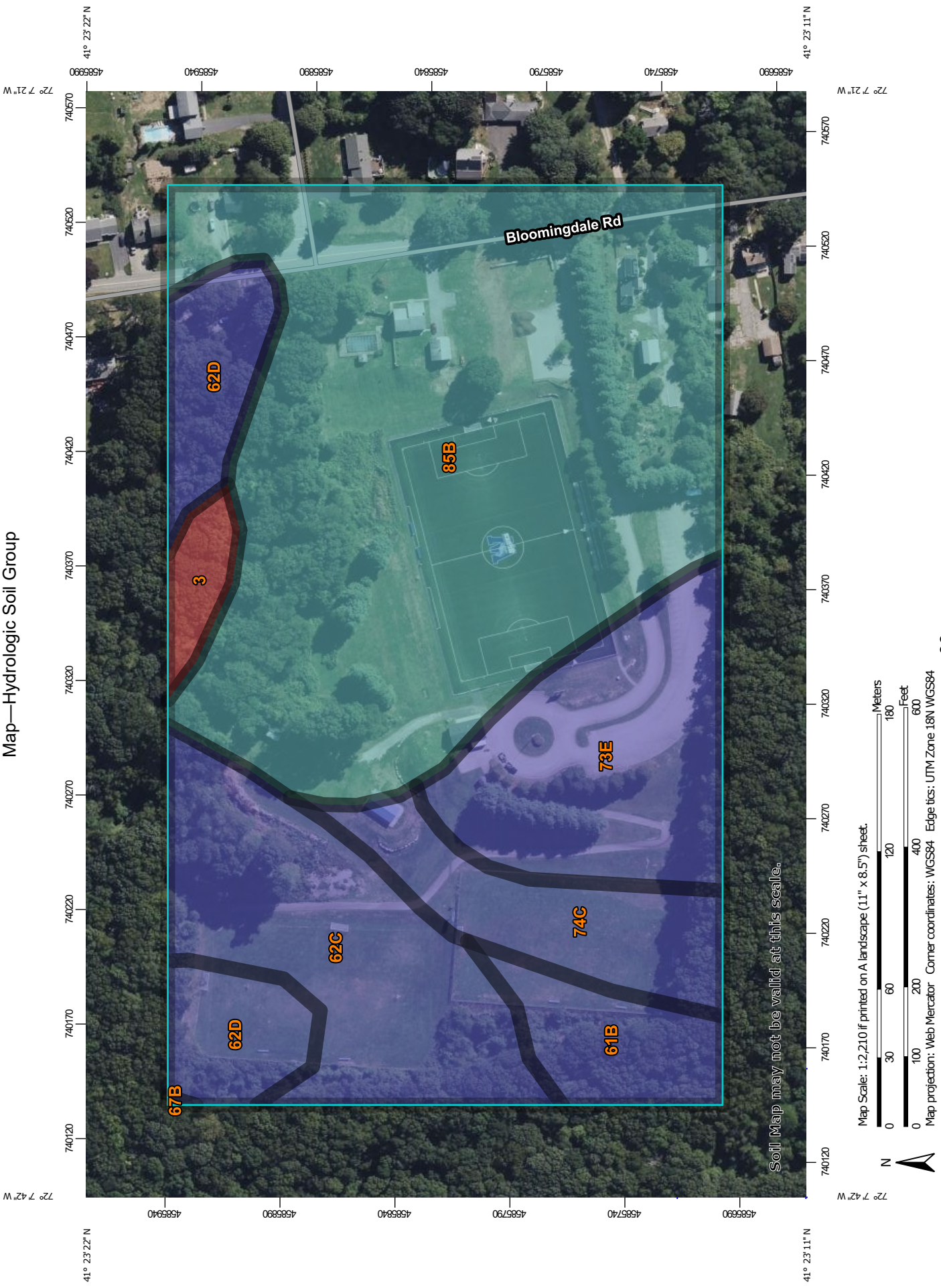
Very Stony Spot

Wet Spot

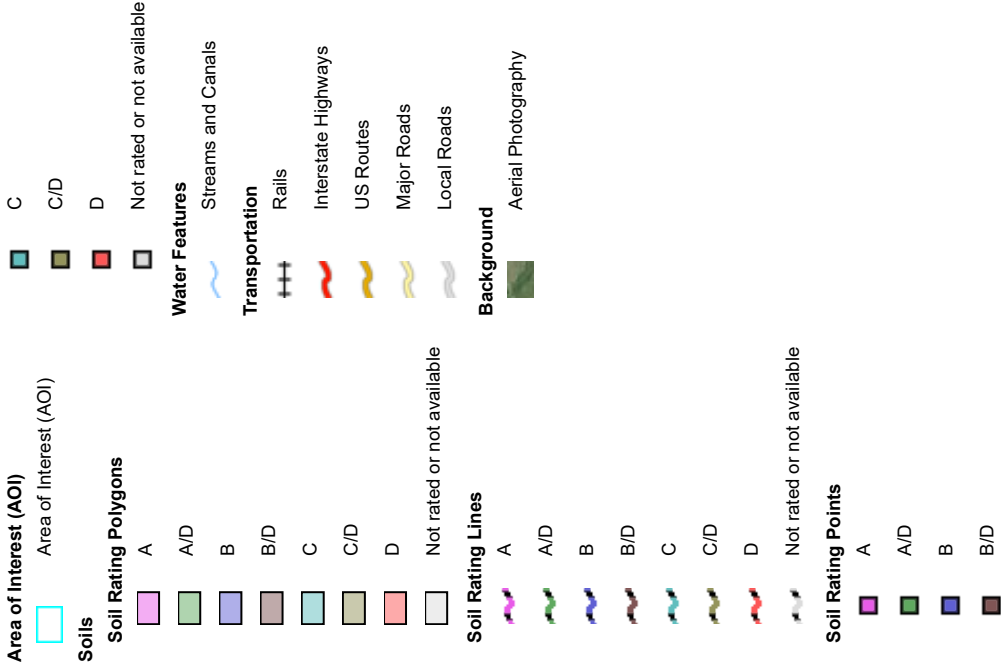
Other

Special Line Features

Custom Soil Resource Report
Map—Hydrologic Soil Group



MAP LEGEND



MAP INFORMATION

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State of Connecticut, Eastern Part

3—Ridgebury, Leicester, and Whitman soils, 0 to 8 percent slopes, extremely stony

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2t2qt

Elevation: 0 to 1,480 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 71 inches

Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 140 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Ridgebury, extremely stony, and similar soils: 40 percent

Leicester, extremely stony, and similar soils: 35 percent

Whitman, extremely stony, and similar soils: 17 percent

Minor components: 8 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Ridgebury, Extremely Stony

Setting

Landform: Drumlins, ground moraines, hills, drainageways, depressions

Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope, footslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope, head slope

Down-slope shape: Concave

Across-slope shape: Concave

Parent material: Coarse-loamy lodgment till derived from gneiss, granite, and/or schist

Typical profile

Oe - 0 to 1 inches: moderately decomposed plant material

A - 1 to 6 inches: fine sandy loam

Bw - 6 to 10 inches: sandy loam

Bg - 10 to 19 inches: gravelly sandy loam

Cd - 19 to 66 inches: gravelly sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 8 percent

Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 9.0 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 15 to 35 inches to densic material

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Runoff class: Very high

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately low (0.00 to 0.14 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 0 to 6 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 3.0 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s

Custom Soil Resource Report

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: F144AY009CT - Wet Till Depressions

Hydric soil rating: Yes

Description of Leicester, Extremely Stony

Setting

Landform: Ground moraines, hills, drainageways, depressions

Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope, footslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope

Down-slope shape: Concave, linear

Across-slope shape: Concave

Parent material: Coarse-loamy melt-out till derived from gneiss, granite, and/or schist

Typical profile

Oe - 0 to 1 inches: moderately decomposed plant material

A - 1 to 7 inches: fine sandy loam

Bg - 7 to 18 inches: fine sandy loam

BC - 18 to 24 inches: fine sandy loam

C1 - 24 to 39 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

C2 - 39 to 65 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 8 percent

Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 9.0 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Runoff class: Very high

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to high
(0.14 to 14.17 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 0 to 6 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: High (about 9.0 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s

Hydrologic Soil Group: B/D

Ecological site: F144AY009CT - Wet Till Depressions

Hydric soil rating: Yes

Description of Whitman, Extremely Stony

Setting

Landform: Drumlins, ground moraines, hills, drainageways, depressions

Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope

Down-slope shape: Concave

Across-slope shape: Concave

Parent material: Coarse-loamy lodgment till derived from gneiss, granite, and/or schist

Typical profile

Oi - 0 to 1 inches: peat

Custom Soil Resource Report

A - 1 to 10 inches: fine sandy loam
Bg - 10 to 17 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam
Cdg - 17 to 61 inches: fine sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent
Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 9.0 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 7 to 38 inches to densic material
Drainage class: Very poorly drained
Runoff class: Negligible
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately low (0.00 to 0.14 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 0 to 6 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: Frequent
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 3.0 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s
Hydrologic Soil Group: D
Ecological site: F144AY009CT - Wet Till Depressions
Hydric soil rating: Yes

Minor Components

Woodbridge, extremely stony

Percent of map unit: 6 percent
Landform: Hills, drumlins, ground moraines
Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope, summit
Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, side slope
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Linear
Hydric soil rating: No

Swansea

Percent of map unit: 2 percent
Landform: Bogs, swamps
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Concave
Hydric soil rating: Yes

61B—Canton and Charlton fine sandy loams, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2w81v

Custom Soil Resource Report

Elevation: 0 to 1,480 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 71 inches

Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 140 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Canton, very stony, and similar soils: 50 percent

Charlton, very stony, and similar soils: 35 percent

Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Canton, Very Stony

Setting

Landform: Moraines, hills, ridges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest, nose slope

Down-slope shape: Convex, linear

Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Coarse-loamy over sandy melt-out till derived from gneiss, granite, and/or schist

Typical profile

Oi - 0 to 2 inches: slightly decomposed plant material

A - 2 to 5 inches: fine sandy loam

Bw1 - 5 to 16 inches: fine sandy loam

Bw2 - 16 to 22 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

2C - 22 to 67 inches: gravelly loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 8 percent

Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 1.6 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 19 to 39 inches to strongly contrasting textural stratification

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to high (0.14 to 14.17 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 3.4 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: F144AY034CT - Well Drained Till Uplands

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Charlton, Very Stony

Setting

Landform: Ridges, ground moraines, hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, shoulder, summit

Custom Soil Resource Report

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest
Down-slope shape: Convex, linear
Across-slope shape: Convex
Parent material: Coarse-loamy melt-out till derived from granite, gneiss, and/or schist

Typical profile

Oe - 0 to 2 inches: moderately decomposed plant material
A - 2 to 4 inches: fine sandy loam
Bw - 4 to 27 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam
C - 27 to 65 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 8 percent
Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 1.6 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to high (0.14 to 14.17 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 8.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s
Hydrologic Soil Group: B
Ecological site: F144AY034CT - Well Drained Till Uplands
Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Chatfield, very stony

Percent of map unit: 5 percent
Landform: Ridges, hills
Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, shoulder, summit
Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, side slope, nose slope
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Linear, convex
Hydric soil rating: No

Leicester, very stony

Percent of map unit: 5 percent
Landform: Hills, drainageways, depressions, ground moraines
Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope, footslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope
Down-slope shape: Concave, linear
Across-slope shape: Concave
Hydric soil rating: Yes

Sutton, very stony

Percent of map unit: 5 percent
Landform: Ground moraines, hills
Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Linear
Hydric soil rating: No

62C—Canton and Charlton fine sandy loams, 3 to 15 percent slopes, extremely stony

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2wks7
Elevation: 0 to 1,310 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 71 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F
Frost-free period: 140 to 240 days
Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Canton, extremely stony, and similar soils: 50 percent
Charlton, extremely stony, and similar soils: 35 percent
Minor components: 15 percent
Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Canton, Extremely Stony

Setting

Landform: Moraines, hills, ridges
Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, shoulder, summit
Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest, nose slope
Down-slope shape: Convex, linear
Across-slope shape: Convex
Parent material: Coarse-loamy over sandy melt-out till derived from gneiss, granite, and/or schist

Typical profile

Oi - 0 to 2 inches: slightly decomposed plant material
A - 2 to 5 inches: fine sandy loam
Bw1 - 5 to 16 inches: fine sandy loam
Bw2 - 16 to 22 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam
2C - 22 to 67 inches: gravelly loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 15 percent
Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 9.0 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 19 to 39 inches to strongly contrasting textural stratification
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to high (0.14 to 14.17 in/hr)

Custom Soil Resource Report

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 3.4 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s
Hydrologic Soil Group: B
Ecological site: F144AY034CT - Well Drained Till Uplands
Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Charlton, Extremely Stony

Setting

Landform: Ridges, ground moraines, hills
Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, shoulder, summit
Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest
Down-slope shape: Convex, linear
Across-slope shape: Convex
Parent material: Coarse-loamy melt-out till derived from granite, gneiss, and/or schist

Typical profile

Oe - 0 to 2 inches: moderately decomposed plant material
A - 2 to 4 inches: fine sandy loam
Bw - 4 to 27 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam
C - 27 to 65 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 15 percent
Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 9.0 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to high (0.14 to 14.17 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 8.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s
Hydrologic Soil Group: B
Ecological site: F144AY034CT - Well Drained Till Uplands
Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Chatfield, extremely stony

Percent of map unit: 5 percent
Landform: Ridges, hills
Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, shoulder, summit

Custom Soil Resource Report

Landform position (three-dimensional): Nose slope, side slope, crest
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Linear, convex
Hydric soil rating: No

Leicester, extremely stony

Percent of map unit: 5 percent
Landform: Hills, drainageways, depressions, ground moraines
Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope, footslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope
Down-slope shape: Concave, linear
Across-slope shape: Concave
Hydric soil rating: Yes

Sutton, extremely stony

Percent of map unit: 5 percent
Landform: Ground moraines, hills
Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Linear
Hydric soil rating: No

62D—Canton and Charlton fine sandy loams, 15 to 35 percent slopes, extremely stony

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2w81r
Elevation: 0 to 1,640 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 71 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F
Frost-free period: 145 to 240 days
Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Canton, extremely stony, and similar soils: 55 percent
Charlton, extremely stony, and similar soils: 30 percent
Minor components: 15 percent
Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Canton, Extremely Stony

Setting

Landform: Moraines, hills, ridges
Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, summit, shoulder
Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, nose slope, side slope
Down-slope shape: Convex, linear
Across-slope shape: Convex

Custom Soil Resource Report

Parent material: Coarse-loamy over sandy melt-out till derived from gneiss, granite, and/or schist

Typical profile

Oi - 0 to 2 inches: slightly decomposed plant material
A - 2 to 5 inches: fine sandy loam
Bw1 - 5 to 16 inches: fine sandy loam
Bw2 - 16 to 22 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam
2C - 22 to 67 inches: gravelly loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 15 to 35 percent
Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 9.0 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 19 to 39 inches to strongly contrasting textural stratification
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Medium
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to high (0.14 to 14.17 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 3.4 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s
Hydrologic Soil Group: B
Ecological site: F144AY034CT - Well Drained Till Uplands
Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Charlton, Extremely Stony

Setting

Landform: Ridges, ground moraines, hills
Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope
Down-slope shape: Convex, linear
Across-slope shape: Convex
Parent material: Coarse-loamy melt-out till derived from granite, gneiss, and/or schist

Typical profile

Oe - 0 to 2 inches: moderately decomposed plant material
A - 2 to 4 inches: fine sandy loam
Bw - 4 to 27 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam
C - 27 to 65 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 15 to 35 percent
Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 9.0 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to high (0.14 to 14.17 in/hr)

Custom Soil Resource Report

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 8.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s
Hydrologic Soil Group: B
Ecological site: F144AY034CT - Well Drained Till Uplands
Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Hollis, extremely stony

Percent of map unit: 5 percent
Landform: Ridges, hills
Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder, backslope, summit
Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, side slope, nose slope
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Linear, convex
Hydric soil rating: No

Chatfield, extremely stony

Percent of map unit: 5 percent
Landform: Ridges, hills
Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, backslope, shoulder
Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, side slope, nose slope
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Linear, convex
Hydric soil rating: No

Sutton, extremely stony

Percent of map unit: 5 percent
Landform: Ground moraines, hills
Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Linear
Hydric soil rating: No

67B—Narragansett silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, very stony

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 9lq5
Elevation: 0 to 1,200 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 43 to 54 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 55 degrees F
Frost-free period: 140 to 185 days

Custom Soil Resource Report

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Narragansett and similar soils: 80 percent

Minor components: 20 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Narragansett

Setting

Landform: Till plains, hills

Down-slope shape: Linear

Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Coarse-loamy eolian deposits over sandy and gravelly melt-out till derived from gneiss and/or schist and/or sandstone and shale

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 6 inches: silt loam

Bw1 - 6 to 15 inches: silt loam

Bw2 - 15 to 24 inches: silt loam

Bw3 - 24 to 28 inches: gravelly silt loam

2C - 28 to 60 inches: very gravelly loamy coarse sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 8 percent

Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 1.6 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 6.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: F144AY034CT - Well Drained Till Uplands

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Charlton

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear

Across-slope shape: Linear

Hydric soil rating: No

Broadbrook

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Till plains, hills, drumlins

Down-slope shape: Linear

Across-slope shape: Concave

Custom Soil Resource Report

Hydric soil rating: No

Leicester

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Drainageways, depressions

Down-slope shape: Linear

Across-slope shape: Concave

Hydric soil rating: Yes

Unnamed, red parent material

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Canton

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear

Across-slope shape: Convex

Hydric soil rating: No

Wapping

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

Landform: Till plains, hills

Down-slope shape: Linear

Across-slope shape: Linear

Hydric soil rating: No

Sutton, very stony

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Landform: Drainageways, depressions

Down-slope shape: Concave

Across-slope shape: Linear

Hydric soil rating: No

73E—Charlton-Chatfield complex, 15 to 45 percent slopes, very rocky

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 9lql

Elevation: 0 to 1,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 43 to 56 inches

Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 140 to 185 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Charlton and similar soils: 45 percent

Chatfield and similar soils: 30 percent

Minor components: 25 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Charlton

Setting

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear

Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Coarse-loamy melt-out till derived from granite and/or schist and/or gneiss

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 4 inches: fine sandy loam

Bw1 - 4 to 7 inches: fine sandy loam

Bw2 - 7 to 19 inches: fine sandy loam

Bw3 - 19 to 27 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

C - 27 to 65 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 15 to 45 percent

Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 1.6 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: High

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.57 to 5.95 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 5.9 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: F144AY034CT - Well Drained Till Uplands

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Chatfield

Setting

Landform: Ridges, hills

Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Coarse-loamy melt-out till derived from granite and/or schist and/or gneiss

Typical profile

Oa - 0 to 1 inches: highly decomposed plant material

A - 1 to 6 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

Bw1 - 6 to 15 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

Bw2 - 15 to 29 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

2R - 29 to 80 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 15 to 45 percent

Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 1.6 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Custom Soil Resource Report

Runoff class: High

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Low to high (0.01 to 5.95 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 3.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: F144AY034CT - Well Drained Till Uplands

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Rock outcrop

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Leicester

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Drainageways, depressions

Down-slope shape: Linear

Across-slope shape: Concave

Hydric soil rating: Yes

Sutton, very stony

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Drainageways, depressions

Down-slope shape: Concave

Across-slope shape: Linear

Hydric soil rating: No

Hollis

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Ridges, hills

Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Convex

Hydric soil rating: No

Unnamed, sandy subsoil

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Unnamed, red parent material

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

74C—Narragansett-Hollis complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, very rocky

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 9lqm

Elevation: 0 to 1,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 43 to 56 inches

Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 140 to 185 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Narragansett and similar soils: 55 percent

Hollis and similar soils: 20 percent

Minor components: 25 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Narragansett

Setting

Landform: Till plains, hills

Down-slope shape: Linear

Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Coarse-loamy eolian deposits over sandy and gravelly melt-out till derived from gneiss and/or schist and/or sandstone and shale

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 6 inches: silt loam

Bw1 - 6 to 15 inches: silt loam

Bw2 - 15 to 24 inches: silt loam

Bw3 - 24 to 28 inches: gravelly silt loam

2C - 28 to 60 inches: very gravelly loamy coarse sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 15 percent

Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 1.6 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 6.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Custom Soil Resource Report

Ecological site: F144AY034CT - Well Drained Till Uplands

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Hollis

Setting

Landform: Ridges, hills

Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Loamy melt-out till derived from granite and/or schist and/or gneiss

Typical profile

Oa - 0 to 1 inches: highly decomposed plant material

A - 1 to 6 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

Bw1 - 6 to 9 inches: channery fine sandy loam

Bw2 - 9 to 15 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

2R - 15 to 80 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 15 percent

Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 1.6 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Runoff class: Low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Low to high (0.01 to 5.95 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 1.8 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: F144AY033MA - Shallow Dry Till Uplands

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Rock outcrop

Percent of map unit: 6 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Charlton

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear

Across-slope shape: Linear

Hydric soil rating: No

Chatfield

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Ridges, hills

Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Linear

Hydric soil rating: No

Leicester

Percent of map unit: 3 percent
Landform: Drainageways, depressions
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Concave
Hydric soil rating: Yes

Canton

Percent of map unit: 2 percent
Landform: Hills
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Convex
Hydric soil rating: No

Sutton, very stony

Percent of map unit: 2 percent
Landform: Drainageways, depressions
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Linear
Hydric soil rating: No

Wapping

Percent of map unit: 2 percent
Landform: Till plains, hills
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Hydric soil rating: No

85B—Paxton and Montauk fine sandy loams, 3 to 8 percent slopes, very stony

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2w679
Elevation: 0 to 1,530 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 71 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F
Frost-free period: 145 to 240 days
Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Paxton, very stony, and similar soils: 55 percent
Montauk, very stony, and similar soils: 30 percent
Minor components: 15 percent
Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Paxton, Very Stony

Setting

Landform: Hills, ground moraines, drumlins

Custom Soil Resource Report

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, shoulder, summit

Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex, linear

Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Coarse-loamy lodgment till derived from gneiss, granite, and/or schist

Typical profile

Oe - 0 to 2 inches: moderately decomposed plant material

A - 2 to 10 inches: fine sandy loam

Bw1 - 10 to 17 inches: fine sandy loam

Bw2 - 17 to 28 inches: fine sandy loam

Cd - 28 to 67 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 8 percent

Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 1.6 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 43 inches to densic material

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately low (0.00 to 0.14 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 18 to 37 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 4.8 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: F144AY007CT - Well Drained Dense Till Uplands

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Montauk, Very Stony

Setting

Landform: Recessional moraines, ground moraines, hills, drumlins

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, shoulder, summit

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest

Down-slope shape: Convex, linear

Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Coarse-loamy over sandy lodgment till derived from gneiss, granite, and/or schist

Typical profile

Oe - 0 to 2 inches: moderately decomposed plant material

A - 2 to 6 inches: fine sandy loam

Bw1 - 6 to 28 inches: fine sandy loam

Bw2 - 28 to 36 inches: sandy loam

2Cd - 36 to 74 inches: gravelly loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 8 percent

Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 1.6 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 43 inches to densic material

Custom Soil Resource Report

Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately high (0.00 to 1.42 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 18 to 37 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 5.6 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s
Hydrologic Soil Group: C
Ecological site: F144AY007CT - Well Drained Dense Till Uplands
Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Woodbridge, very stony

Percent of map unit: 8 percent
Landform: Ground moraines, hills, drumlins
Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope, summit
Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Linear
Hydric soil rating: No

Ridgebury, very stony

Percent of map unit: 3 percent
Landform: Drumlins, depressions, ground moraines, hills, drainageways
Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope, toeslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Head slope, base slope
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Concave
Hydric soil rating: Yes

Charlton, very stony

Percent of map unit: 3 percent
Landform: Hills
Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder, summit, backslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, side slope
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Convex
Hydric soil rating: No

Stockbridge, very stony

Percent of map unit: 1 percent
Landform: Hills
Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder, backslope, summit
Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, side slope
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Linear
Hydric soil rating: No